

Alaska

Science and Engineering Profile							
Characteristic	State	U.S.	Rank	Characteristic	State	U.S.	Rank
Doctoral scientists, 1999 ¹	1,240	518,670	49	Total R&D performance, 1998 (millions) ²	\$133	\$214,668	48
Doctoral engineers, 1999 ¹	90	107,100	50	Industry R&D, 1998 (millions) ²	\$9	\$163,480	49
S&E doctorates awarded, 1999 ¹	23	25,953	52	Academic R&D, 1998 (millions).....	\$76	\$25,342	43
of which, in life sciences.....	39%	25%		of which, in environmental sciences.....	45%	6%	
in environmental sciences.....	26%	3%		in life sciences.....	26%	57%	
in physical sciences.....	17%	14%		in physical sciences.....	19%	9%	
S&E postdoctorates, 1998 ¹				Public higher education current-fund			
in doctorate-granting institutions.....	14	39,494	49	expenditures, 1997 (millions).....	\$345	\$125,236	49
S&E graduate students, 1998 ¹				Number of SBIR awards, 1990-98.....	18	35,413	50
in doctorate-granting institutions.....	503	422,834	52	Patents issued to state residents, 1999.....	53	83,901	50
Population, 1999 (thousands).....	620	276,580	49	Gross state product, 1998 (billions).....	\$24	\$8,800	47
Civilian labor force, 1999 (thousands).....	315	140,536	50	of which, agriculture.....	2%	1%	
Personal income per capita, 1999.....	\$28,577	\$28,542	18	manufacturing, mining, construction.....	24%	22%	
Federal spending				transportation, communication, utilities.....	18%	9%	
Total expenditures, 1999 (millions).....	\$5,279	\$1,508,933	47	wholesale and retail trade.....	10%	16%	
R&D obligations, 1998 (millions).....	\$107	\$70,445	42	finance, insurance, real estate.....	12%	19%	
				services.....	13%	21%	
				government.....	21%	12%	

NOTE: Rankings and totals are based on data for the 50 States, District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Reliability of the estimates of industry R&D and of doctoral scientists and engineers varies by State, because the sample allocation was not based on geography. The rankings do not take into account the margin of error of estimates from sample surveys.

¹Data on graduate students, doctoral scientists and engineers, and postdoctorates include all graduate degree (except M.D.) candidates and recipients in S&E fields, including health fields. Data on S&E doctorates awarded do not include health fields.

²The "total R&D performance" data and the "industry R&D" data for Alaska exclude funds from Federal government sources to the industry sector.

Federal Obligations for Research and Development by Agency and Performer: Fiscal Year 1998								
Agency	Performer							
	Total	Federal Intramural	All FFRDCs	Industrial firms	Universities & colleges	Other nonprofits	State & local government	State rank, total
	[In thousands of dollars]							
Total, all agencies.....	106,939	44,010	0	17,637	29,598	3,707	11,987	42
Department of Agriculture.....	7,574	5,159	0	0	2,415	0	0	41
Department of Commerce.....	24,261	19,743	0	0	4,472	0	46	8
Department of Defense.....	27,262	1,728	0	14,757	777	0	10,000	38
Department of Energy.....	50	0	0	0	50	0	0	50
Dept. of Health & Human Services.....	2,109	285	0	119	1,424	0	281	51
Department of the Interior.....	22,129	16,756	0	2,230	2,748	31	364	6
Department of Transportation.....	1,296	0	0	0	0	0	1,296	42
Environmental Protection Agency.....	290	0	0	70	220	0	0	46
National Aeronautics and Space Admin.....	12,250	339	0	85	9,326	2,500	0	32
National Science Foundation.....	9,718	0	0	376	8,166	1,176	0	40
State rank, total.....	42	33	na	42	45	36	3	na

NOTE: Federal R&D obligations are as reported by funding agencies. Ranks and totals are based on data for the 50 States, District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

KEY: FFRDC = federally funded research and development center; SBIR = small business innovation research; na = not applicable.

SOURCES: Prepared by the National Science Foundation/Division of Science Resources Studies. Data compiled from numerous sources -- see the section, "Data Sources for Science and Engineering (S&E) State Profiles".